

#### GOVERNING LEGISLATION:

*Queensland Building and Construction Commission* (*Minimum Financial Requirements*) Regulation 2018, section 9A.

#### INFORMATION REGARDING THIS FORM

This is the approved form to give the QBCC financial information for the most recent reporting year before the annual reporting day.

# An MFR Report is not required for Annual Reporting. Annual Reporting information cannot be used to update your maximum revenue.

#### PRIVACY NOTICE:

QBCC is collecting the information on this form to ascertain whether you/your Client satisfies the *Queensland Building and Construction Commission (Minimum Financial Requirements) Regulation* 2018 for a contractor's licence under the *Queensland Building and Construction Commission Act* 1991.

The information you have provided may be disclosed by QBCC to another party with your/your Client's consent or as authorised or required by law. In addition, QBCC may provide all or some of this information to a financial specialist engaged by QBCC to provide expert advice as to financial matters relevant to your client's ability to satisfy the *Queensland Building and Construction Commission (Minimum Financial Requirements) Regulation 2018.* 

## ANNUAL REPORTING FORM CATEGORY 1 – 3 (\$800,001 - \$30,000,000)

If an exclusion notice is issued to you by the QBCC, as the accountant your full name, any other names you have been known by, your business address and the period of the exclusion may be published by QBCC on the commission's website until such time the notice stops.

QBCC may also provide all or some of this information to a professional body for accountants to investigate a suspected breach of a professional accounting standard or condition applying to the accountant, under the *Building Industry Fairness (Security of Payment) and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2020.* For further information visit the QBCC website at **qbcc.qld.gov.au**. You can apply to access information held in our files about your licence. If you wish to access information you will need to make an application under Right to Information (RTI).

#### COMPLETING THIS FORM

- Print clearly in BLOCK LETTERS
- Amendments should be crossed out and initialed
- No accounting standards are required to be applied to this information

#### RETURN YOUR COMPLETED FORM AND ALL REQUIREMENTS BY:

Post: GPO Box 5099 Brisbane QLD 4001.

In person: QBCC service centres are listed on our website <a href="mailto:qbcc.qld.gov.au">qbcc.qld.gov.au</a>. Email: <a href="mailto:annualreporting@qbcc.qld.gov.au">annualreporting@qbcc.qld.gov.au</a>

1. LICENSEE DETAILS			Please complete all details of this form where applicable. All items marked with an *asterisk must be completed before submitting.				
*Name	Title e (Company/ individual)	Mr	Mrs	Miss M:	5 (	Dther	
Lice	ence Number						
*C	Contact name						
*P(	ostal address						
	*State		*Postcode				
	ACN				ABN		
	*Phone						
	*Email						
2. BI	USINESS STR	JCTU	RE				
	The licensee is a sole trader			The licensee is	s a stand alone company	The licensee is a trustee for a trust	
	The licensee is a part of a formalised partnership			The licensee is trading as part of a group of companies (class order 98/1418 or similar)			
		financi	al reporting period Y Y Y Y				
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This is the date of your financial information, for example 30 June 2019.



### **4. PROFIT AND LOSS**

REVENUE

Revenue means the total gross income received by the Licensee, derived from all sources. Revenue includes gross proceeds from operating sources (sales), as well as gross proceeds from other income sources (i.e. interest):

- For partnerships, the Revenue is to be the revenue of the Applicant or Licensee and the partnership/s in combination;
- For Trusts, the Revenue is to be the revenue of the Applicant or Licensee and the trust/s in combination.

#### \$ Construction revenue \$ Other revenue +\$ TOTAL REVENUE = Expenses represent the costs incurred in the ordinary course of business. EXPENSES Examples of an expense: Advertising; Wages, Rent, Materials. \$ Cost of sales \$ Other operating expense \$ TOTAL EXPENSES =



### **5. BALANCE SHEET**

#### **CURRENT ASSETS**

Current Assets means assets :

- a. Which are realised, sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle of the business;
- b. Which are realised within 12 months after the reporting date;
- c. Which are held primarily for the purpose of trading (refer AASB 139);
- d. Which are cash or cash equivalents.

Example of current assets: • Cash in bank:

- Work in progress expected to be paid in the next 12 months;
- Property or plant for sale;
- Trade debtors.

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Amounts held in project For further information, refer to Building Industry \$ trust accounts Fairness (Security of Payment) Act 2017. Cash and cash Cash and cash equivalents are assets that are equivalents either cash or can be converted into cash immediately. Prepayments Inventory is the term for the goods available Inventories-stock on hand for sale and raw materials used to produce goods available for sale. Inventories - property development assets Work in progress is the value of work for a project that has been completed but not yet invoiced. Work in progress Current portion of related Amounts owed by related parties. +entity asset loans Examples of a related party: • Director . Secretary Retentions +Shareholder • (due in next 12 month period only) • Related company (same directors of both companies). Other current assets +S AMOUNTS OWED TO YOU BY OTHER PARTIES Under 90 days 90-180 days 180-365 days 365+ days Debtors in dispute Recovery is subject to legal proceedings. (not included to be included Client has terminated contract etc. in the amounts above) \$ TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS =



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NON-CURRENT ASSETS		
Property, plant and equipment	\$	A deferred tax asset is an asset
Deferred tax assets	- \$	on a company's balance sheet that may be used to reduce its
Investments or shares in publicly listed entities	- \$	taxable income.
Investments or shares in companies that are not publicly listed companies	- \$	
Investments – other	- \$	
Non-current portion of related entity asset loans	- \$	
Other Vehicles – Boats, Ships, Jet skis, Racehorses, Racing cars	- \$	
Personal furniture	- \$	A Right Of Use (ROU) asset is included in the net tangible assets
Right of use assets	- \$	(NTA) calculation if the underlying asset is tangile. eg. for example
Trust assets	- \$	leased office space.
Intangible assets	- \$	Intangibles include goodwill, formation expenses, brrowing costs.
Units in trust that are not publicly listed	- \$	
Non-current retentions	- \$	
Other non-current assets	- \$	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS	= \$	

#### **CURRENT LIABILITIES**

Current Liabilities means:

- (a) Debts that are expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle of business;
- (b) Debts or obligations which are due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period;
- (c) Debts which are held primarily for the purpose of trading;

TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	= \$
Other current liabilities	+\$
Taxation liabilities	+\$
Current portion of loans and borrowings	+\$
Current portion of related entity payables	+\$
Trade and other payables	+\$
Bank overdraft limit	\$
Bank overdraft	\$

(d) Debts which the entity does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

Examples of current liabilities:

- Car loan repayments due in the next 12 months;
- Rent or lease amounts due in the next 12 months;
- Tax installments due in the next 12 months;
- Trade creditors.



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#### NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

Current non-current liabilities means liabilities where the full value will not be realised within the accounting period. Examples of non-current liabilities include: bank overdrafts; long term repayments; mortgage payments owed outside of 12 months.

TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES =	\$
Other non-current liabilities	-\$
Non-current portion of long-term debt	\$

### 6. STATEMENT OF EQUITY

Issued capital	\$	
Reserves	+\$	
Retained earnings	+\$	
Other equity	+\$	
TOTAL EQUITY	=\$	

### 7. CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Cash flows from operating activities	\$
Cash flows from investing activities	+\$
Cash flows from financing activities	+\$
Other cash flow	+\$
NET INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	=\$
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	\$
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	=\$

### 8. SUPPORTING INFORMATION

It is important that you provide information that meets the requirements pursuant to Part 3 of the *Queensland Building and Construction Commission* (*Minimum Financial Requirements*) Regulation 2018. Please ensure that you have submitted all the required documents and information with your Annual Reporting Form.

#### REQUIRED DOCUMENTS

All of the following:

- Licensees' financial statements\*;
- Trust financial statements\*;
- Partnership financial statements\*; and
- Written Declaration (see page 6).

OPTIONAL INFORMATION

- Bank statements;
- Work in progress.

\* Financial statements include: profit and loss statements, balance sheet, aged debtors & creditors reports, a statements of cashflows.



# ANNUAL REPORTING FORM CATEGORY 1 – 3 (\$800,001 - \$30,000,000)

DECLARATION	

WARNING: Incorrect or misleading information may lead to prosecution for an offence and/or review and possible cancellation of your licence

I have made all enquiries I consider appropriate and declare that the information contained in the above documents is correct and represents a true and fair view of the licensee's position.

Name of person providing the declaration

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Relationship to licensee if being submitted by a nominated representative.

Signature			Y
Date /	/		

To submit this form electronically, please save this pdf to your computer and attach the form to an email addressed to: annualreporting@qbcc.qld.gov.au